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vongroup

Vongroup Limited

黃河實業有限公司*

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 318)

ANNOUNCEMENT OF ANNUAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2014

The board of directors (the “Directors”) of Vongroup Limited (the “Company”) wishes to announce the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) for the year ended 30 April 2014 together with comparative figures for the previous year as follows:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	<i>Note</i>	2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Turnover	4	25,939	34,216
Other revenue	4	1,939	1,706
Other gains	4	4,216	960
Cost of inventories consumed		(10,332)	(9,728)
Staff costs		(23,860)	(19,097)
Operating lease rentals		(5,276)	(5,210)
Depreciation and amortisation		(1,551)	(2,159)
Impairment loss on goodwill		(4,631)	(1,581)
Impairment loss on an available-for-sale investment		(9,430)	–
Other expenses		(14,248)	(21,359)
Change in fair value of investment properties	11	4,850	13,725
Loss from operations	5	(32,384)	(8,527)
Finance costs	6	(507)	(549)
Loss before taxation		(32,891)	(9,076)
Income tax	7	(1,691)	475

	<i>Note</i>	2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company		(34,582)	(8,601)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Exchange differences arising on translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries		<u>830</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company		<u>(33,752)</u>	<u>(8,602)</u>
		<i>HK\$</i>	<i>HK\$</i>
Loss per share			
– Basic and diluted	9	<u>(0.0059)</u>	<u>(0.0015)</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	<i>Note</i>	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	<i>10</i>	15,660	17,093
Lease premium for land		–	1,392
Investment properties	<i>11</i>	187,882	182,751
Goodwill		–	4,631
Deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment		367	274
Available-for-sale investments		2,452	16,882
		206,361	223,023
Current assets			
Lease premium for land		–	34
Inventories		3,871	6,979
Forfeited collateral held for sale		583	493
Accounts receivable	<i>12</i>	1,756	273
Moneylending loan receivables	<i>13</i>	4,388	4,784
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables		33,695	24,700
Equity investments at fair value through profit or loss		32,815	26,877
Tax recoverable		–	22
Deposits placed with financial institutions		6,423	13,362
Cash and bank balances		51,647	74,069
		135,178	151,593
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	<i>14</i>	1,993	1,704
Accruals and deposits received		13,341	13,072
Tax payables		23,547	22,101
Finance lease payable – current portion		–	125
Bank borrowings		35,982	37,904
		74,863	74,906
Net current assets		60,315	76,687

	<i>Note</i>	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>266,676</u>	<u>299,710</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Finance lease payable – long-term portion		–	70
Deferred tax liabilities		<u>788</u>	<u>–</u>
		<u>788</u>	<u>70</u>
NET ASSETS		<u><u>265,888</u></u>	<u><u>299,640</u></u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share capital		5,860	5,860
Reserves		<u>260,028</u>	<u>293,780</u>
TOTAL EQUITY		<u><u>265,888</u></u>	<u><u>299,640</u></u>

Notes:

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“HKASs”) and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”) and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, which for this financial year and the comparative period continue to be those of the predecessor Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32), in accordance with the transitional and saving arrangements for Part 9 of the new Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), “Accounts and Audit”, which are set out in sections 76 to 87 of Schedule 11 to that Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules”).

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs which are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2 provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2014 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the “Group”).

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the “functional currency”). These financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”), rounded to the nearest thousand except for per share data. Hong Kong dollar is the Company’s functional and the Group’s presentation currency.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis, except for investment properties and equity investments at fair value through profit or loss that have been measured at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgments about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“HKFRSs”)

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and revised HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA.

Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle
Amendments to HKAS 1	Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income
Amendments to HKFRS 7	Disclosures-Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Amendments to HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12	Consolidated Financial Statements, Joint Arrangements and Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities: Transitional Guidance
HKFRS 10	Consolidated Financial Statements
HKFRS 11	Joint Arrangements
HKFRS 12	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
HKFRS 13	Fair Value Measurement
HKAS 19 (as revised in 2011)	Employee Benefits
HKAS 27 (as revised in 2011)	Separate Financial Statements
HKAS 28 (as revised in 2011)	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
HK(IFRIC) – Int 20	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine

Except as described below, the application of the new and revised HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial performance and positions for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2009-2011 Cycle

This cycle of annual improvements contains amendments to five standards with consequential amendments to other standards and interpretations. Among them, HKAS 1 has been amended to clarify that an opening statement of financial position is required only when a retrospective application of an accounting policy, a retrospective restatement or a reclassification has a material effect on the information presented in the opening statement of financial position. The amendments also remove the requirement to present related notes to the opening statement of financial position when such statement is presented. These amendments do not have any material impact on the results of operations and financial position of the Group for the years presented.

Amendments to HKAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income

The amendments require entities to present separately the items of other comprehensive income that would be reclassified to profit or loss in the future if certain conditions are met from those that would never be reclassified to profit or loss. The presentation of other comprehensive income in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in these financial statements has been modified accordingly.

Amendments to HKFRS 7 Disclosures-Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The amendments introduce new disclosures in respect of offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities. Those new disclosures are required for all recognised financial instruments that are set off in accordance with HKAS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation and those that are subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement that covers similar financial instruments and transactions, irrespective of whether the financial instruments are set off in accordance with HKAS 32.

The adoption of the amendments does not have an impact on these financial statements because the Group has not offset financial instruments, nor has it entered into master netting arrangement or similar agreement which is subject to the disclosures of HKFRS 7 during the periods presented.

HKFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements

HKFRS 10 replaces the requirements in HKAS 27, Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements relating to the preparation of consolidated financial statements and HK-SIC 12 Consolidation-Special Purpose Entities. It introduces a single control model to determine whether an investee should be consolidated, by focusing on whether the entity has power over the investee, exposure or rights to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and the ability to use its power to affect the amount of those returns. The adoption does not change any of the control conclusions reached by the Group in respect of its involvement with other entities as at 1 May 2013.

HKFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

HKFRS 11, which replaces HKAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures, divides joint arrangements into joint operations and joint ventures. Entities are required to determine the type of an arrangement by considering the structure, legal form, contractual terms and other facts and circumstances relevant to their rights and obligations under the arrangement. Joint arrangements which are classified as joint operations under HKFRS 11 are recognised on a line-by-line basis to the extent of the joint operator's interest in the joint operation. All other joint arrangements are classified as joint ventures under HKFRS 11 and are required to be accounted for using the equity method in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Proportionate consolidation is no longer allowed as an accounting policy choice.

HKFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

HKFRS 12 brings together into a single standard all the disclosure requirements relevant to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and unconsolidated structured entities. The disclosures required by HKFRS 12 are generally more extensive than those previously required by the respective standards.

HKFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

HKFRS 13 replaces existing guidance in individual HKFRSs with a single source of fair value measurement guidance. HKFRS 13 also contains extensive disclosure requirements about fair value measurements for both financial instruments and non-financial instruments. The adoption of HKFRS 13 does not have any material impact on the fair value measurements of the Group's assets and liabilities.

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Operating segments are identified on the basis of internal reports which provide information about components of the Group. This information is reported to and reviewed by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), senior executive management, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by a mixture of both business lines (products and services) and geography. In a manner consistent with the way in which information are reported internally to the Company's CODM for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the segment information by the following reportable segments. These segments are managed separately. No operating segments have been aggregated.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1. Financial services: | Consumer finance, moneylending, other financial/business services and related activities |
| 2. Securities: | Securities and related activities |
| 3. Property: | Real property and related activities |
| 4. Technology & Media: | Technology & media and related activities |
| 5. Food & Beverage: | Catering services, other food & beverage businesses and related activities |
| 6. Corporate treasury management: | Management of treasury activities of the Group and related activities |

(a) **Segment revenue, results, assets and liabilities**

For the purpose of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's CODM monitors the revenue, results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales or financing activities generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

Segment assets principally comprise all tangible assets and intangible assets directly attributable to each segment. Segment liabilities include accounts payable, accruals and deposits received, tax payables and deferred tax liabilities attributable to each segments and finance lease payable and borrowings managed directly by the segments.

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from operations by reportable segments.

	Segment revenue		Segment profit/(loss)	
	Year ended 30/4/2014 HK\$'000	Year ended 30/4/2013 HK\$'000	Year ended 30/4/2014 HK\$'000	Year ended 30/4/2013 HK\$'000
Financial services	631	956	(4,334)	(1,431)
Securities	(1,039)	1,576	(981)	1,963
Property	5,279	3,915	9,202	17,260
Technology & Media	1,560	115	(10,630)	(1,494)
Food & Beverage	19,508	27,654	(8,488)	(5,146)
Corporate treasury management	7,233	6,753	–	–
Segment total	33,172	40,969	(15,231)	11,152
Elimination	(7,233)	(6,753)	–	–
Total	<u>25,939</u>	<u>34,216</u>	(15,231)	11,152
Unallocated items:				
Other revenue and other gains			5,200	1,361
Administrative and other operating expenses			(22,353)	(21,040)
Finance costs			(507)	(549)
Loss before taxation			(32,891)	(9,076)
Income tax			(1,691)	475
Loss for the year			<u>(34,582)</u>	<u>(8,601)</u>

Segment revenue from financial services, property, technology & media and food & beverage represents revenue generated from external customers. Segment revenue from securities represents revenue generated from trading of listed equity securities. Segment revenue from corporate treasury management represents revenue generated from fund financing to companies within the Group. Fund financing activities between segments are carried out at mutually agreed terms.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies. Segment profit represents the profits earned by each segment without allocation of other revenue, administrative and other operating expenses and finance costs of the Group that are not allocated to individual segments and classified as unallocated items. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Segment assets and liabilities

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment assets		
Financial services	20,083	24,684
Securities	48,774	36,414
Property	194,254	190,513
Technology & Media	10,790	16,774
Food & Beverage	12,551	13,664
Corporate treasury management	19,087	52,783
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total segment assets	305,539	334,832
Unallocated property, plant and equipment	14,932	15,936
Unallocated available-for-sale investments	1,532	1,532
Unallocated cash and cash equivalents	1,330	958
Unallocated other receivables*	17,765	16,962
Unallocated corporate assets	441	4,396
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Consolidated assets	341,539	374,616
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Segment liabilities		
Financial services	249	708
Property	37,905	39,234
Technology & Media	82	29
Food & Beverage	35,309	30,909
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total segment liabilities	73,545	70,880
Unallocated liabilities	2,106	4,096
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Consolidated liabilities	75,651	74,976
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

* Unallocated other receivables represented the right arising from the termination of an available-for-sale investment in Tian Da Energy Holdings Limited.

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- segment assets exclude certain property, plant and equipment, available-for-sale investments, cash and bank balances and other unallocated corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.
- segment liabilities exclude accruals and deposits received and other unallocated corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.

Other segment information (included in the measure of segment profit or loss or regularly provided to the CODM)

	Additions to non-current assets		Depreciation and amortisation	
	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
	30/4/2014	30/4/2013	30/4/2014	30/4/2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Segment assets				
Financial services	43	20	11	7
Property	–	59,825	–	–
Technology & Media	–	–	2	14
Food & Beverage	7	398	418	714
Unallocated	128	77	1,120	1,424
	<u>178</u>	<u>60,320</u>	<u>1,551</u>	<u>2,159</u>
Total	<u>178</u>	<u>60,320</u>	<u>1,551</u>	<u>2,159</u>

In addition to the depreciation and amortisation reported above, impairment losses of goodwill of HK\$4,631,000 (2013: HK\$1,581,000) was recognised. These impairment losses were attributable to the following reportable segments:

Impairment losses recognised for the year in respect of goodwill:

	Year ended	Year ended
	30/4/2014	30/4/2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Financial services	<u>4,631</u>	<u>1,581</u>

(b) Geographical information

The Group's operations are carried out in Hong Kong and PRC. Financial services, technology & media businesses and food & beverage operations are carried out in Hong Kong and PRC. Property businesses and securities businesses are carried out mainly in Hong Kong.

The following is an analysis of geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties, lease premium for land, deposits paid for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment and goodwill. The geographical location of Group's revenue refers to the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The geographical locations of property, plant and equipment, investment properties, lease premium for land and deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and investment properties are based on the physical location of the asset under consideration. In the case of goodwill, it is based on the location of operations to which these intangibles are allocated.

	Revenue		Non-current assets	
	Year ended	Year ended	At	At
	30/4/2014	30/4/2013	30/4/2014	30/4/2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	5,297	6,499	175,682	175,013
PRC	20,322	27,420	11,927	18,028
Macau	320	297	16,300	13,100
	<u>25,939</u>	<u>34,216</u>	<u>203,909</u>	<u>206,141</u>
Total	<u>25,939</u>	<u>34,216</u>	<u>203,909</u>	<u>206,141</u>

(c) **Information about major customers**

The Group has a very wide customer base, no single customer contributed more than 10% of the Group's revenue for each of the two years ended 30 April 2013 and 2014.

4. TURNOVER, OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER GAINS

The Group is principally engaged in financial services businesses, securities businesses, property businesses, technology & media businesses and food & beverage businesses.

Turnover represents income from financial services businesses, securities businesses, property businesses, technology & media businesses and food & beverage businesses received or receivable during the year.

The Group's turnover, other revenue and other gains for the year arose from the following activities:

	Group	
	2014	2013
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Turnover		
Income from food & beverage businesses	19,508	27,654
Income from technology & media businesses	1,560	115
Net (loss)/gain on equity investments at fair value through profit or loss	(1,039)	1,576
Financial services income	631	956
Gross rental income from investment properties	5,279	3,915
	<u>25,939</u>	<u>34,216</u>
Other revenue		
Bank interest income	108	132
Other interest income	803	803
	<u>911</u>	<u>935</u>
Total interest income on financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	911	935
Dividend income from listed securities	572	760
Management fee income	120	–
Sundry income	336	11
	<u>1,939</u>	<u>1,706</u>
Other gains		
Gain from deregistration of a joint venture	–	470
Gain on disposal of land lease premium	2,011	–
Gain on disposal of investment properties	–	490
Written back of accruals	2,205	–
	<u>4,216</u>	<u>960</u>

5. LOSS FROM OPERATIONS

The Group's loss from operations is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Cost of inventories consumed	10,332	9,728
Staff costs (including directors' emoluments):		
Wages and salaries	23,790	19,008
Defined contribution retirement benefits scheme contributions	70	89
	23,860	19,097
Auditor's remuneration*	753	727
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	1,540	2,125
Amortisation of lease premium for land	11	34
Gain on disposal of investment properties	–	(490)
Exchange loss, net*	14	61
Operating lease rentals – minimum lease payments	5,276	5,210
Rental income from investment properties less direct outgoings of HK\$86,000 (2013: HK\$79,000)	(5,193)	(3,836)
Dividend income from listed securities	(572)	(760)
Gain from deregistration of a joint venture	–	(470)
Impairment loss on goodwill	4,631	1,581
Impairment loss on available-for-sale investment	9,430	–
	9,430	–

* This item is included in other expenses.

6. FINANCE COSTS

	Group	
	2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Interest on bank borrowings not wholly repayable within five years	493	534
Bank overdraft interest	4	–
Interest on finance lease	10	15
	507	549
Total interest expense on financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss	507	549

The analysis shows the finance costs of bank borrowings, including term loans which contain a repayment on demand clause, in accordance with the agreed scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements. For the years ended 30 April 2014, the interest on bank borrowings which contain a repayment on demand clause amounted to HK\$493,000 (2013: HK\$534,000).

7. INCOME TAX

Income tax in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

	Group	
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current tax		
PRC Enterprise Income Tax (“EIT”)	201	22
Under/(Over)-provision in prior year		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	–	112
EIT	74	(18)
	74	94
Land Appreciation Tax (“LAT”)	628	–
Deferred tax	788	(591)
	1,691	(475)

No provision for profits tax in the Cayman Islands, British Virgin Islands (“BVI”) and Hong Kong has been made as the Group has no assessable income for the year in these jurisdictions (2013: Nil).

The provision for Enterprise Income Tax (the “EIT”) is calculated at the standard rate of 25% (2013: 25%) on the estimated assessable income for the year as determined in accordance with the relevant income tax rules and regulations of the PRC.

The provision for the PRC Land Appreciation Tax (the “LAT”) is estimated according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations, LAT has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowance exemptions and deductions.

8. DIVIDEND

The directors do not recommend the payment of dividends for the year ended 30 April 2014 (2013: Nil).

9. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic loss per share for the year is based on the loss attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$34,582,000 (2013: HK\$8,601,000) and the number of 5,859,860,900 (2013: 5,859,860,900) ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Diluted loss per share is equal to basic loss per share as there was no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the year ended 30 April 2014 and 2013.

10. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Group	
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balance at beginning of year	17,093	18,742
Additions	72	476
Transfer from deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	13	–
Depreciation	(1,540)	(2,125)
Exchange adjustments	22	–
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at end of year	15,660	17,093
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

11. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Group	
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At fair value		
Balance at beginning of year	182,751	119,541
Additions		
– acquisitions	–	7,843
– capitalised subsequent expenditure	–	2
– through acquisition of a subsidiary	–	51,980
	–	59,825
Disposal	–	(10,340)
Net increase in fair value recognised in profit or loss	4,850	13,725
Exchange adjustments	281	–
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at end of year	187,882	182,751
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

12. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	Group 2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Accounts receivable	1,756	273
Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	—	—
	<u>1,756</u>	<u>273</u>

The general credit terms granted by the Group to its customers range from 30 to 90 days. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by senior management.

An aging analysis of accounts receivable as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	Group 2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Within 30 days	1,613	22
31 – 90 days	15	41
91 – 180 days	23	3
Over 180 days	105	207
	<u>1,756</u>	<u>273</u>

The aging analysis of accounts receivable that are not considered to be impaired is as follows:

	Group 2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
Neither past due nor impaired	1,651	66
Past due but not impaired		
1 to 3 months past due	—	—
3 to 6 months past due	—	—
Over 6 months, but less than 1 year past due	105	207
	<u>105</u>	<u>207</u>
	<u>1,756</u>	<u>273</u>

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

13. MONEYLENDING LOAN RECEIVABLES

	Group	
	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Balance at beginning of year	4,784	23,026
Loans advanced	1,757	970
Repayment during the year	(2,180)	(19,212)
Exchange adjustments	27	–
	<u>4,388</u>	<u>4,784</u>

The loans bear interest rate ranging from 5.25% to 50.4% (2013: 5.25% to 50.4%) per annum and are repayable according to the respective loan agreements which usually cover periods not more than one year.

a) Maturity profile

The maturity profile of moneylending loan receivables at the end of the reporting period, based on the maturity dates, is as follows:

	2014			2013		
	Pawn loans receivable	Unsecured short- term loans receivable	Total	Pawn loans receivable	Unsecured short- term loans receivable	Total
	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>	<i>HK\$'000</i>
Due within 1 month or on demand	841	3,247	4,088	1,001	3,351	4,352
Due after 1 month but within 3 months	–	–	–	68	–	68
Due after 3 months	–	300	300	–	364	364
	<u>841</u>	<u>3,547</u>	<u>4,388</u>	<u>1,069</u>	<u>3,715</u>	<u>4,784</u>

As at 30 April 2014, no moneylending loan receivables were individually determined to be impaired (2013: Nil).

b) Moneylending loan receivables that are not considered to be impaired are as follows:

	2014			2013		
	Pawn loans receivable <i>HK\$'000</i>	Unsecured short- term loans receivable <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>	Pawn loans receivable <i>HK\$'000</i>	Unsecured short- term loans receivable <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>
Neither past due nor impaired	132	3,247	3,379	478	3,351	3,829
Past due but not impaired						
Less than 1 month past due	345	–	345	282	–	282
1 to 3 months past due	7	–	7	–	–	–
Over 3 months past due	357	300	657	309	364	673
	<u>841</u>	<u>3,547</u>	<u>4,388</u>	<u>1,069</u>	<u>3,715</u>	<u>4,784</u>

Moneylending loan receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to recognised and creditworthy borrowers for whom there was no recent history of default.

14. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

The aging of the Group's accounts payable is analysed as follows:

	Group	
	2014 <i>HK\$'000</i>	2013 <i>HK\$'000</i>
0 – 30 days	413	443
31 – 90 days	557	691
91 – 180 days	137	90
181 – 360 days	437	35
Over 360 days	449	445
	<u>1,993</u>	<u>1,704</u>

The accounts payable is non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 90-day terms. The carrying amounts of the accounts payable at the end of the reporting period approximates to the fair values.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

For the year ended 30 April 2014, the Group generated turnover of approximately HK\$25.9 million (2013: approximately HK\$34.2 million) with a loss for the year of approximately HK\$34.6 million (2013: approximately HK\$8.6 million). The reduction in loss for the year was mainly because of the recognition of the impairment losses on goodwill, available-for-sale investments and certain tax provision which were referred to in the Company's announcements dated 18 July 2014 and 25 July 2014. Due to the uncertainty of the market environment, we have been adopting a conservative and prudent strategy in our Property segment, as well as sustaining relatively stable rental income for the Group. Our Securities segment has been operating to achieve appropriate risk-adjusted returns which contributed a net realised and unrealised loss on securities investment during this year as compared with a gain on securities investment in the previous year. Our Food & Beverage business has been gradually improving its cost control in view of challenges in labour shortage and rising salaries in the PRC. We have been facing an increase in competitive environment in this industry whilst we will continue to explore different market strategies in order to strengthen our income stream in the Financial Services segment. During this year, our Technology & Media segment has generated income growth as we continue to seek different business and investment opportunities to optimise its income source.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Financial Services

During this year, the revenue of our financial services businesses reflected no significant change as compared to last year.

Securities

Our securities business recorded a net realised and unrealised loss on trading of securities investment of approximately HK\$1.0 million (2013: gain of approximately HK\$1.6 million), which contributed a loss for our securities segment of approximately HK\$1.0 million (2013: gain of approximately of HK\$2.0 million) for the year ended 30 April 2014.

Property

The revenue of the Group's property business segment was approximately HK\$5.3 million (2013: approximately HK\$3.9 million). The business segment contributed a profit of HK\$9.2 million (2013: profit of approximately HK\$17.3 million) to the Group. Excluding the gain on unrealised fair value, the recurring profit of the property business segment would have been approximately HK\$4.4 million (2013: approximately HK\$3.5 million).

Technology & Media

Our technology & media business recorded revenue of approximately HK\$1.6 million (2013: HK\$0.1 million) with a business segment loss for the year of approximately HK\$10.6 million (2013: loss of approximately HK\$1.5 million).

Food & Beverage

During the year, revenue for our food & beverage businesses was approximately HK\$19.5 million (2013: approximately HK\$27.7 million), resulting in a segment loss of approximately HK\$8.5 million (2013: loss of approximately HK\$5.1 million).

SEASONAL/CYCLICAL FACTORS

The sales volume during festive periods is normally higher than the sales volume in the slack periods of the year for food & beverage operations.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group maintained cash and bank balances as at 30 April 2014 amounting to approximately HK\$51.6 million (2013: approximately HK\$74.1 million). The Group's current ratio as at 30 April 2014 was 1.8 (2013: 2.0). The total equity of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$265.9 million (2013: approximately HK\$299.6 million) as at 30 April 2014.

Gearing

The gearing ratio, as a ratio of bank borrowings and finance lease payable to total equity, was 0.14 as at 30 April 2014 (2013: 0.13).

Exchange Rate Exposure

As at 30 April 2014, the Group's cash and bank balances amounted to approximately HK\$51.6 million, the majority of which was in Hong Kong dollars. Since the majority of the Group's transactions, monetary assets and liabilities is denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars and Renminbi, with relatively stable exchange rates of Renminbi to Hong Kong dollars and Hong Kong's linked exchange rate between United States dollar and Hong Kong dollar, the Group has minimal exposure to exchange rate fluctuations.

Treasury Policies

The Group generally finances its ordinary operations with internally generated resources and bank borrowings. The interest rates of borrowings, if applicable, are generally charged by reference to prevailing market rates.

Commitments

The Group had no capital commitments during the year (2013: nil).

FUTURE PROSPECTS

Looking forward, the business environment is expected to remain uncertain all over the world. With rising labour costs and increase in competitive environment of the financing sector, the Group will continue to maintain its policy in stringent cost control, to optimize efficiency and enhance better financial results.

Apart from the existing business, the Group will continue to seek possible business and investment opportunities to diversify its business portfolio, as well as to maximize shareholders' interest.

EMPLOYMENT AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 30 April 2014, the Group had 104 (2013: 144) employees in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group has not experienced any significant problems with its employees or disruptions due to labour disputes nor has it experienced difficulties in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff. The Group remunerates its employees based on industry practices. Its staff benefits, welfare, share options and statutory contributions, if any, are made in accordance with individual performance and prevailing labour laws of its operating entities.

PURCHASES, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 30 April 2014.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

The Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") with certain exceptions as follows:

1. According to the Code provisions, the non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. All directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Articles, and the terms of their appointment will be reviewed when they are due for re-election. As such, the Board considers that sufficient measures are in place to ensure that the Company's corporate governance practices are no less exacting than those set out in the Code.
2. In accordance with the code provision, the role of chairman and chief executive officer ("CEO") should be performed by different individuals. Since September 2005, Mr Vong Tat Jeong, David, who is director and CEO of the Company, has also carried out the responsibilities of the chairman of the Company. The Board considers the present structure is more suitable to the Company for it can provide strong and consistent leadership and allow for more efficient formulation and implementation of the Company's development strategies.
3. Code provision A.6.7 of the CG Code stipulates that all independent non-executive Directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Due to their personal commitments, all independent non-executive Directors were unable to attend the annual general meeting dated 27 September 2013 during the tenure of their position.

MODEL CODE FOR DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct in respect of securities transactions of the directors (the "Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry with all Directors, the Company has confirmed that all Directors have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code and its code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions during the year.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors. Amongst other duties, the principal duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the financial reporting process and internal control system of the Company.

The Group's final results for the year ended 30 April 2014 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

SCOPE OF WORK OF CCIF CPA LIMITED

The figures in respect of the preliminary announcement of the Group's results for the year ended 30 April 2014 have been agreed by the Group's auditors, CCIF CPA Limited, to the amounts set out in the Group's draft consolidated financial statements for the year. The work performed by CCIF CPA Limited in this respect did not constitute an assurance engagement in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing, Hong Kong Standards on Review Engagements or Hong Kong Standards on Assurance Engagements issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and consequently no assurance has been expressed by CCIF CPA Limited on the preliminary announcement.

PUBLICATION OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The results announcement is published on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkex.com.hk) and the Company (www.thevongroup.com). The Company's 2014 annual report containing all the information required by the Listing Rules will be despatched to shareholders and will be available on the above websites in due course.

By order of the Board
VONGROUP LIMITED
Vong Tat Ieong, David
Executive Director

Hong Kong, 28 July 2014

As at the date of this announcement, the board of the Company comprises two executive Directors, namely: Mr Vong Tat Ieong, David and Mr Xu Siping; and three independent non-executive Directors, namely: Mr Fung Ka Keung, David, Dr Lam Lee G., and Ms Wong Man Ngai, Edna.

* *For identification purpose only*