

INTERIM 2019

VONGROUP LIMITED 黃河實業有限公司 Stock Code 股票代號 318

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CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS

簡明綜合報表

The board of directors (the "Board" or "Directors") of Vongroup Limited (the "Company") wishes to present the unaudited condensed consolidated interim results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the six months ended 31 October 2019, together with the comparative figures for the corresponding period of the previous year, as follows:

黃河實業有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」或「董事」)謹此呈報本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零一九年十月三十一日止六個月之未經審核簡明綜合中期業績及去年同期之比較數字如下:

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the six months ended 31 October 2019

簡明綜合全面收益表

截至二零一九年十月三十一日止六個月

Six months ended 31 October (unaudited)

			截至十月三十一日止六	
			2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年
		Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Turnover	營業額	4	17,227	20,568
Other revenue and net gains	其他收益及盈利淨值	4	527	545
Staff costs	員工成本		(3,545)	(3,777)
Operating lease rentals	經營租約租金		(311)	(324)
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷		(385)	(387)
Operating expenses	經營開支		(5,981)	(8,525)
Administrative expenses Change in fair value of	行政開支 投資物業之公平值變動		(2,179)	(5,120)
investment properties	权 頁 初 耒 之 公 干 恒 愛 期		(2,381)	6,200
Profit from operations	經營溢利	5	2,972	9,180
Finance costs	財務成本	6	(368)	(336)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		2,604	8,844
Income tax	所得税	7	47	-
Profit for the period	本期間溢利		2,651	8,844
Other comprehensive expense Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign	其他全面開支 換算海外業務產生之匯兑 差額			
operations			(971)	(2,040)
Total comprehensive income for the period	本期間全面收益總額		1,680	6,804
Profit for the period attributable to:	本期間溢利			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		2,651	8,844
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to:	下列者應佔本期間全面收 益總額:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		1,680	6,804
Earnings per share	每股盈利			
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	9	HK\$0.014港元	HK\$0.046港元

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 October 2019

簡明綜合財務狀況表

於二零一九年十月三十一日

		Note 附註	31 October 2019 二零一九年 十月三十一日 (unaudited) (未經審核) HK\$'000 千港元	30 April 2019 二零一九年 四月三十日 (audited) (經審核) HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備		12,706	13,092
Investment properties	投資物業 就購買物業、廠房及設備		243,928	246,697
Deposits paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive			364	364
income			24,139	24,139
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入損益之			
through profit or loss	金融資產		1,650	1,650
			282,787	285,942
Current assets	流動資產			
Forfeited collateral held for sale	待售被沒收抵押品		795	723
Accounts receivable	應收賬款	10	46,959	33,641
Loans and advances Deposits, prepayments and other	貸款及墊款		9,803	9,957
receivables	投並 ¹ 頂的版款及共配應 收款項		45,084	45,200
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值計量之金融資產		15,600	8,274
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘		19,703	34,434
			137,944	132,229
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accruals and deposits received	應計款項及已收按金		9,039	7,075
Bank borrowings Tax payables	銀行借貸 應付税項		25,258 829	26,295 829
Tax payables	應 N 优 項			
			35,126	34,199
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		102,818	98,030
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		385,605	383,972
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債		849	896
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		384,756	383,076
Capital and reserves	股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本		7,688	7,688
Reserves	儲備		377,068	375,388
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		384,756	383,076

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

簡明綜合權益變動表

For the six months ended 31 October 2019

截至二零一九年十月三十一日止六個月

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						Unaudited 未經審核				
		Share Capital	Share premium	Property revaluation reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Statutory surplus Reserve	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income reserve 按公平值計入 其他全面收入	Exchange translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		股本 H K\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	物業 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	股本體回 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	法定盈餘 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	之金融資產 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 May 2018 (audited)	於二零一八年五月一日 (經審核)	7,688	611,780	1,231	262	270	-	2,910	(240,374)	383,767
Profit for the period	本期間溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,844	8,844
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之匯兇差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,040)	-	(2,040)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the period	本期間全面收入/(開支)總額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,040)	8,844	6,804
At 31 October 2018	於二零一八年十月三十一日	7,688	611,780	1,231	262	270	-	870	(231,530)	390,571
						Unaudited 未經審核				
				Property	Capital	Statutory	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	Exchange		
		Share Capital	Share premium	revaluation reserve	redemption reserve	surplus Reserve	income reserve 按公平值計入 其他全面收入	translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		股本 HK\$'000 千港元	股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	物業 重估儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	股本贖回 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元	法定盈餘 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	之金融資產 儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	匯兑儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 May 2019 (audited)	於二零一九年五月一日 (經審核)	7,688	611,780	1,231	262	270	(15,074)	1,359	(224,440)	383,076
Profit for the period	本期間溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,651	2,651
Exchange difference arising on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之匯兇差額	-	_	-	-	-	-	(971)	-	(971)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the period	本期間全面收入/(開支)總額	-	_	-	-	-	-	(971)	2,651	1,680
At 31 October 2019	於二零一九年十月三十一日	7,688	611,780	1,231	262	270	(15,074)	388	(221,789)	384,756

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the six months ended 31 October 2019

簡明綜合現金流量表

截至二零一九年十月三十一日止六個月

Six months ended 31 October (unaudited) 截至十月三十一日止六個月

(未經審核)

 2019
 2018

 二零一九年
 二零一八年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	經營業務產生之現金 流入/(流出)淨額	(13,029)	17,055
Net cash inflow from investing activities	投資活動產生之現金 流入淨額	503	505
Net cash outflow from financing activities	融資活動產生之 現金流出淨額	(1,405)	(1,330)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目 増加/(減少)淨額	(13,931)	16,230
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	期初之現金及 現金等值項目	34,434	34,626
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響	(800)	(1,152)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	期末之現金及 現金等值項目	19,703	49,704

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six months ended 31 October 2019

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the applicable disclosure requirements of Appendix 16 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities ("Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange").

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified for the revaluation of investment properties and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, which are measured at fair values, as appropriate.

The accounting policies used in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2019, except that the Group has adopted, for the first time for the current period's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements, the following new and revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), HKASs and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "New HKFRSs") issued by the HKICPA that are effective for the accounting period commencing on 1 May 2019:

Amendments to HKFRS 9 Prepayment Features with **Negative Compensation** HKFRS 16 Leases Amendments to HKAS 19 Plan Amendment. Curtailment or Settlement Amendments to HKAS 28 Long-term Interests In Associates and Joint Ventures HK (IFRIC)-Int 23 Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments Annual Improvements Amendments to and 2015-2017 Cycle HKFRS 3, HKFRS 11,

HKAS 12 HKAS 23

簡明綜合財務報表附註

截至二零一九年十月三十一日止六個月

1. 編製基準

本未經審核簡明綜合中期財務報表乃按香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會()頒佈之香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)第34號「中期財務報告」及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」))附錄十六之適用披露規定而編撰。

2. 主要會計政策概要

本未經審核簡明綜合中期財務報表乃按歷史成本慣例而編製,並已就按公平值計量之投資物業重估及按公平值以損益列賬之財務資產(如適用)作出修訂。

本未經審核簡明綜合中期財務報表所採納之會計政策與編製本集團截至二零和之中四月三十日止年度之年度財務報表所採納者一致,惟本集團就本期間之未經審核簡明綜合中期財務報表首次採納以下由香港會計師公會頒佈之於二零一九年五月一日開始之會計期間生%之新訂及經修門別、香港會計準則及詮釋(於下文內統稱「新香港財務報告準則」))除外:

香港財務報告準則第9號 具有負補價之提前還款特性 之修訂 香港財務報告準則第16號 租賃 香港會計準則第19號 計劃修正、缩減或清價 之修訂 香港會計準則第20號 於聯營公司及合營企業之長期權益 之修訂本

香港(國際財務報告 詮釋委員會)一詮釋 第23號 二零一五年至二零一七年 週期之年度改進 第2號及香港會計準則第2號之 修訂

Other than as explained below regarding the impact of HKFRS 16 Leases, the above new and revised HKFRSs have no significant financial effect on the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and there have been no significant changes to the accounting policies applied in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Impacts and changes in accounting policies of application on HKFRS 16 "Leases" ("HKFRS 16")

The Group has applied HKFRS 16 for the first time in the current interim period. HKFRS 16 superseded HKAS 17 "Leases" ("HKAS 17"), and the related interpretations.

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16

The Group applied the following accounting policies in accordance with the transition provisions of HKFRS 16.

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under HKFRS 16 at inception or modification date. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

As a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

除下文所述有關香港財務報告準則第16 號租賃之影響外,上述新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則並無對本未經審核簡明 綜合中期財務報表構成重大財務影響及 對本未經審核簡明綜合中期財務報表所 應用之會計政策並無產生重大變動。

應用香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (「香港財務報告準則第16號」)之影響 及會計政策變動

本集團已於本中期期間首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號。香港財務報告準則第16號。香港財務報告準則第16號取代香港會計準則第17號「租賃」(「香港會計準則第17號1)及相關詮釋。

應用香港財務報告準則第16號引致之會計政策主要變動

本集團已根據香港財務報告準則第16號 之過渡條文應用以下會計政策。

租賃之定義

倘合約賦予於一段時間內控制可識別資 產之使用權以換取代價,則該合約為租 價或包含租賃。

就首次應用當日或之後訂立或修訂之合約而言,本集團根據香港財務報告準則第16號項下的定義,於開始或修訂日期評估合約是否為租賃或包含租賃。有關合約不會被重新評估,除非合約中之條款與條件隨後被改動。

作為承租人

將代價分配至合約組成部分

就包含租賃組成部分以及一項或多項額 外租賃或非租賃組成部分之合約而言, 本集團根據租賃組成部分之相對獨立 價格及非租賃組成部分之合計獨立價格 基准將合約代價分配至各項租賃組成部 分。

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Short-term leases

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of premises that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the date of initial application of HKFRS 16. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Right-of-use assets

Except for short-term leases, the Group recognises rightof-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use). Rightof-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

The cost of right-of-use asset includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received:
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term is depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets including in property, plant and equipment on the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (「香港財務報告準則第16號」)之影響 及會計政策變動(續)

作為承和人 (續)

短期租賃

本集團將短期租賃確認豁免應用於自初始應用香港財務報告準則第16號日期起租期為12個月或以下之物業租賃。短期租賃之租賃付款按直線基準於租賃期內確認為開支。

使用權資產

除短期租賃外,本集團於租賃開始日期 (即相關資產可供使用日期)確認使用權 資產。使用權資產按成本計量,減任何 累計折舊及減值虧損,並就租賃負債之 任何重新計量作出調整。

使用權資產之成本包括:

- 租賃負債之初步計量金額;
- 於開始日期或之前作出之任何租賃 付款,減任何已收租賃優惠;
- 本集團產生之任何初步直接成本; 及
- 本集團拆卸及移除相關資產、復原相關資產所在場地或復原相關資產 至租賃條款及條件所規定之狀況之 過程中所產生的估計成本。

倘本集團可合理確定於租期結束時獲得 使用權資產項下相關租用資產之擁有 權,使用權資產將自開始日期起至可使 用年期結束為止計提折舊。否則,使用 再實產按直線基準於估計可使用年期與 租期之間之較短者計提折舊。

本集團於簡明綜合財務狀況表內呈列使 用權資產(包括物業、廠房及設備)。

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees:
- the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group; and
- payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate.

Variable lease payments that reflect changes in market rental rates are initially measured using the market rental rates as at the commencement date. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities and right-of-use assets, and are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (「香港財務報告準則第16號」)之影響 及會計政策變動(續)

作為承租人 (續)

租賃負債

於租賃開始日期,本集團按當日未付之租賃付款之現值確認及計量租賃負債。在計算租賃付款之現值時,倘租賃中隱含之利率不易確定,則本集團在租賃開始日期使用遞增借款利率。

租賃付款包括:

- 固定付款(包括實質上是固定之付款)減任何應收租賃優惠;
- 取決於一項指數或比率之可變租賃付款;
- 剩餘價值擔保下預期支付之金額;
- 本集團可合理確定將予行使的購買 選擇權之行使價;及
- 倘租期反映本集團會行使終止選擇權,則為終止租賃而支付之罰款。

反映市場租金變化之可變租賃付款於開始日期使用市場租金初始計量。並不取 始計數或比率而定之可變租賃付款並 決於指數或比率而定之可變租賃付款並 而於觸發付款之事件或條件發生期間確 認為開支。

於開始日期後,租賃負債乃透過增計利息及租賃付款進行調整。

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Lease liabilities (Continued)

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets;
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (「香港財務報告準則第16號」)之影響 及會計政策變動(續)

作為承租人 (續)

和賃負債(續)

倘出現以下情況,本集團會重新計量租 賃負債(並對相關使用權資產作出相應 調整):

- 租期有所變動或行使購買選擇權之 評估發生變化,在此情況下,相關 租賃負債透過使用重新評估日期之 經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付款 而重新計量。
- 租賃付款因進行市場租金調查後市場租金費率變動而出現變動,在此情況下,相關租賃負債透過使用初始貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付款而重新計量。

租賃修改

倘出現以下情況,本集團將租賃修改作 為獨立租賃入賬:

- 修改透過加入使用一項或以上相關 資產之權利擴大租賃範圍;及
- 租賃代價增加,增加之金額相當於 範圍擴大對應之單獨價格及為反映 特定合約之實際情況而對該單獨價 格進行之任何適當調整。

就未作為單獨租賃入賬之租賃修改而 言,本集團按透過使用修改生效日期之 經修訂貼現率貼現經修訂租賃付款之經 修改租賃之租期重新計量租賃負債。

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

Taxation

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

Transition and summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 16

Definition of a lease

The Group has elected the practical expedient to apply HKFRS 16 to contracts that were previously identified as leases applying HKAS 17 and HK (IFRIC)-Int 4 Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease and not apply this standards to contracts that were not previously identified as containing a lease. Therefore, the Group has not reassessed contracts which already existed prior to the date of initial application.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after 1 January 2019, the Group applies the definition of a lease in accordance with the requirements set out in HKFRS 16 in assessing whether a contract contains a lease. As a lessee The Group has applied HKFRS 16 retrospectively with the cumulative effect recognised at the date of initial application, 1 May 2019. Any difference at the date of initial application is recognised in the opening retained profits and comparative information has not been restated.

The Group's non-cancellable operating lease commitments as at 30 April 2019, which amounted to HK\$484,000 as disclosed in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 April 2019, related to either short-term leases or those leases with a remaining lease term ending on or before 30 April 2020. Accordingly, no right-of-use assets and lease liabilities were recognised as at 1 May 2019 in respect of these operating lease arrangements.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第16號「租賃」 (「香港財務報告準則第16號」)之影響 及會計政策變動(續)

作為承租人 (續)

税項

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相關租 賃負債之租賃交易之遞延税項而言,本 集團首先釐定税項扣除是否歸屬於使用 權資產或租賃負債。

因首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號 而進行的過渡及產生的影響概要

租賃之定義

本集團已選擇採用可行權宜方法,就先前應用香港會計準則第17號及香港(國際財務報告詮釋委員會)一第4號「釐定安排是否包括租賃」而識別為租賃之合約應用香港財務報告準則第16號,而先前並未識別為包括租賃之合約1.不應用此準則。因此,本集團並未重新評估於首次應用日期前已存在之合約。

就於二零一九年一月一日或之後訂立或 修改之合約而言,本集團於評估合約是 否包含租賃時根據香港財務報告準則第 16號所載之規定應用租賃的定義。作為 承租人,本集團已追溯應用香港財務報 告準則第16號,累計影響於首次應用日 期(二零一九年五月一日)確認。於首次 應用日期之任何差額於期初保留溢利確 認且比較資料不予重列。

如本公司截至二零一九年四月三十日止年度之年報所披露,本集團於二零一九年四月三十日之不可撤銷經營租賃承擔為484,000港元,與短期租賃或剩餘租期於二零二零年四月三十日或之前結營租賃內工。 該等租賃有關。因此,就該等經營租赁 實排並無於二零一九年五月一日確認使用權資產及租賃負債。

Transition and summary of effects arising from initial application of HKFRS 16 (Continued)

Definition of a lease (Continued)

The Group's leases are related to either short-term leases or those leases with a remaining lease term ending on or before 30 April 2020. Accordingly, no right-of-use assets and lease liabilities were recognised as at 31 October 2019. The Group recognised rental expenses from short-term leases of approximately HK\$311,000 for the six months ended 31 October 2019.

The Group has not applied the new and revised HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective. The Group has already commenced an assessment of the impact of those new and revised HKFRSs but is not yet in a position to state whether these new and revised HKFRSs would have a material impact on its results of operations and financial position.

3. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by business lines (products and services). In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's executive directors, being the Group's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following six reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

因首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號 而進行的過渡及產生的影響概要(續)

租賃之定義(續)

本集團租賃與短期租賃或剩餘租期於二零二零年四月三十日或之前結束之該等租賃有關。因此,截至二零一九年十月三十一日,並未確認使用權資產及租賃負債。本集團在認截至二零一九年十月三十一日止六個月的短期租賃約311,000港元之租金支出。

本集團並未應用已頒佈但尚未生效之新 訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則。本集團 已開始評估該等新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則之影響,惟此階段尚未能評定 該等新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則會 該等其經營業績及財務狀況構成重大影 響。

3. 分類資料

本集團按分部管理其業務,而分部則以 業務線(產品及服務)分類。本集團已按 以下六項須予申報分類呈列,與向本集 團之執行董事,即本集團之主要經營決 策者(「主要經營決策者」)作出內部呈報 資料之方式一致,以作分配資源及表現 評估之用途。概無合併計算經營分類以 組成以下可呈報分類。

1. Financial & Management: Financial & Management related activities

金融及管理: 金融及管理相關活動

2. Securities: Securities and related activities

證券: 證券及相關活動

3. Property: Real property and related activities

物業: 房地產及相關活動

4. Technology & Media: Technology & media and related activities

技術及媒體: 技術及媒體以及相關活動

5. Food & Beverage: Catering services, other food & beverage businesses and related

餐飲: 提供膳食服務、其他餐飲業務及相關活動

6. Corporate treasury Management of treasury activities of the Group and related activities

management:

企業財務管理: 管理本集團之財務活動及相關活動

3. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

(a) Segment revenue and results

For the purpose of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's CODM monitors the revenue and results attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales or financing activities generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

Segment revenue and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from operations by reportable segments:

3. 分類資料(續)

(a) 分類收益及業績

就評估分類表現及在分類間分配資源而言,本集團之主要經營決策者乃按以下基準監察各項須予申報分類之收益及業績:

收益及開支乃參照該等分類所產生 之銷售額或融資活動及該等分類所 產生之開支或因該等分類之資產折 舊或攤銷而產生之其他開支分配予 各須予申報分類。

分類收益及業績

下表按須予申報分類分析本集團之 收益及經營業績:

		Segment revenue (unaudited) 分類收益 (未經審核) Six months ended 31 October 截至十月三十一日止六個月		Segment profit/(lo 分類溢利/(虧損 Six months endo 截至十月三十-	i)(未經審核) ed 31 October 一日止六個月
		2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年	2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Financial & Management	金融及管理	2,878	2,635	2,430	1,207
Securities	證券	(858)	(2,029)	(1,025)	(2,073)
Property	物業	2,479	2,590	(297)	8,421
Technology & Media Food & Beverage	技術及媒體 餐飲	10,298 2,430	13,022 4,350	6,675 1,452	6,044 3,013
Corporate treasury	企業財務管理	2,430	4,330	1,432	3,013
management	正未別切百柱	3,580	3,490	_	-
Segment total	分類總計	20,807	24,058	9,235	16,612
Elimination	對銷	(3,580)	(3,490)	-	-
Total	總計	17,227	20,568	9,235	16,612
Unallocated items: Other revenue Administrative and other	未分配項目: 其他收益 行政及其他經營開支			506	483
operating expenses				(6,769)	(7,915)
Finance costs	財務成本			(368)	(336)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利			2,604	8,844
Income tax	所得税			47	-
Profit for the period	本期間溢利			2,651	8,844

3. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued)

(b) Geographical segments

The following table provides an analysis of the Group's segment revenue by geographical market.

3. 分類資料(續)

(b) 地域分類

下表載列按地域市場劃分之本集團 分類收益分析。

Six months ended 31 October (unaudited)

		截至十月三十一日止六個	截至十月三十一日止六個月(未經審核)	
		2019	2018	
		二零一九年	二零一八年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元 ————————————————————————————————————	千港元	
Hong Kong	香港	16,810	20,173	
Mainland China	中國大陸	249	263	
Macau	澳門	168	132	
Total	總計	17,227	20,568	

(c) Information about major customers

The Group has a wide customer base and no single customer contributed more than 10% of the Group's revenue for the six months ended 31 October 2019 (2018: nil).

4. TURNOVER, OTHER REVENUE AND NET GAINS

The Group's turnover, other revenue and other net gains for the period arose from the following activities:

(c) 有關主要客戶之資料

本集團擁有廣泛之客戶基礎,於截 至二零一九年十月三十一日止六個 月並無單一客戶佔本集團收益超過 10%(二零一八年:無)。

營業額、其他收益及盈利淨值

本集團本期間之營業額、其他收益及其 他盈利淨值乃源自以下業務活動:

Six months ended 31 October (unaudited) 截至十月三十一日止六個月(未經審核) 2019

2018

		二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元
Turnover	營業額		
Income from financial & management business	金融及管理業務之收入	2,878	2,635
Realised gain on equity investments at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")*	按公平值以損益列賬 (「按公平值以損益 列賬」)之證券投資之	_,	_,
, , ,	已實現收益*	949	40
Unrealised loss on equity investments at FVTPL	按公平值以損益列賬之證 券投資之未實現虧損	(2,248)	(2,532)
Rental income from property business	物業業務之租金收入	2,479	2,590
Income from technology & media business	技術及媒體業務之收入	10,298	13,022
Income from food & beverage business	餐飲業務之收入	2,430	4,350
Dividend income on equity investments	證券投資之股息收入	441	463
IIIVESIIIIEIIIS		17,227	20,568

The gross proceeds from disposal of equity investments at FVTPL for the period were approximately HK\$30,994,000 (2018: approximately HK\$12,599,000).

本期間出售按公平值以損益列賬之證券 投資之所得款項總額約為30,994,000港元 (二零一八年:約12,599,000港元)。

4. TURNOVER, OTHER REVENUE AND NET 4. 營業額、其他收益及盈利淨值 (續) GAINS (Continued)

		Six months ended 31 Octo 截至十月三十一日止六個 2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Other revenue and net gains Bank interest income Other interest income Management income Exchange gain, net	其他收益及盈利淨值	40	62
	銀行利息收入	375	375
	其他利息收入	108	108
	管理費收入	4	-
	匯兑收益淨額	527	545

5. PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS

5. 經營溢利

The profit from operations is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

經營溢利乃經扣除/(計入)下列各項:

		months ended 31 Octobe E十月三十一日止六個月 2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	,
investment properties 扣 less direct outgoings of 港	成本 勿業之租金收入總額 余直接支出約74,000 元(二零一八年:約 000港元)	3,545	3,777

6. FINANCE COSTS

6. 財務成本

		Six months ended 31 Octob 截至十月三十一日止六個	
		2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on bank borrowings	銀行借貸利息	368	336

7. INCOME TAX

7. 所得税

 Six months ended 31 October (unaudited)

 截至十月三十一日止六個月 (未經審核)
 2019

 2019
 2018

 二零一九年
 二零一八年

 HK\$'000
 HK\$'000

 千港元
 千港元

(47)

(47)

Profits tax: 利得税:

PRC enterprise income tax 中國企業所得税 Write back of deferred tax 中國企業所得税

Income tax credit for the period 本期間所得税抵免

No provision for profits tax in the Cayman Islands, British Virgin Islands and Hong Kong has been made as the Group has no income assessable for tax for the period in these jurisdictions (2018: nil).

The provision for PRC enterprise income tax is calculated at the standard rate of 25% on the estimated assessable income for the period as determined in accordance with the relevant income tax rules and regulations of the PRC.

8. DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved not to declare any interim dividend for the six months ended 31 October 2019 (2018; nil).

9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following:

本集團於本期間內並無在開曼群島、英屬處女群島及香港賺取任何應課税收入,因此並無就該等司法權區之利得稅 作出撥備(二零一八年:無)。

中國企業所得税乃根據中國相關所得税 規則及法規所釐定之標準税率25%,按 本期間內之估計應課稅收入計算撥備。

8. 股息

董事會決議不宣派截至二零一九年十月 三十一日止六個月之任何中期股息(二 零一八年:無)。

9. 每股盈利

本公司擁有人應佔每股基本及攤薄盈利 乃按以下資料計算:

 2019
 2018

 二零一九年
 二零一八年

 HK\$*000
 HK\$*000

 千港元
 千港元

Earnings for the period

Earnings for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share

Number of shares

Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted earnings per share

期內盈利

就計算每股基本及攤薄盈利 之盈利

投份數目

就計算每股基本及攤薄盈利 之普通股加權平均數

192,189,833

2,651

192.189.833

8.844

10. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

10. 應收賬款

	十月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	四月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元 (audited) (經審核)
應收賬款 減:確此賬款減值虧損淫額	51,737	38,419
//%、//ぶつ人が、///、/// 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日 日	(4,778)	(4,778)
_	46,959	33,641
	應收賬款 減:應收賬款減值虧損淨額 - -	#K\$'000 干港元 (unaudited) (未經審核) 應收賬款 減:應收賬款減值虧損淨額 (4,778)

The following aged analysis of accounts receivable is based on invoice date:

基於發票日期之應收賬款之賬齡分析如 下:

		31 October 2019 二零一九年 十月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元 (unaudited) (未經審核)	30 April 2019 二零一九年 四月三十日 HK\$'000 千港元 (audited) (經審核)
Within 30 days 31 to 60 days 61 to 90 days 91 to 180 days Over 180 days	30日内 31日至60日 61日至90日 91日至180日 超過180日	3,239 2,587 2,589 11,542 31,780	3,242 2,100 3,213 8,031 21,833
		51,737	38,419

The Group generally allows an average credit period range from 30 to 180 days to its customers. Accounts receivable that were neither past due nor impaired related to customers for whom there was no default. Accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired related to customers that have good creditworthiness. Based on past experience, the management considered no impairment is necessary as there has not been a significant change in credit quality of these balances, which are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

The Group maintains a defined credit policy including stringent credit evaluation. Receivables are regularly reviewed and closely monitored to minimise any associated credit risk.

11. APPROVAL OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been reviewed with no disagreement by the Audit Committee of the Company and were approved and authorised for issue by the Board on 30 December 2019.

本集團通常向其客戶授出之平均信貸期介乎30日至180日。並無逾期或減值之應收款項與概無違約記錄之客戶有關。已 並期但並無減值之應收款項與信譽良好 之客戶有關。根據過往經驗,管理層別 為毋須作出減值,原因為該等結餘之信 資質素並未發生重大變動,且仍被視為 實質素數收回。本集團並無就該等結餘持 有任何抵押品。

本集團設有明確之信貸政策,其中含有嚴謹之信貸評估。本集團定期審閱其應 收賬款,並密切監控,藉以將任何相關 之信貸風險減至最低。

11. 批准中期財務報表

本未經審核簡明綜合中期財務報表已經 由本公司之審核委員會審閱,成員對此 並無分歧,本中期財務報表亦已於二零 一九年十二月三十日經董事會批准及授 權刊發。

管理層討論與分析

OTHER INFORMATION 其他資料

Overall Performance

Although we report in segments, we have continued to engage in business activities as a whole, where we seek to achieve synergistic value amongst one another, in order to generate higher returns and greater business opportunities. This business strategy, together with our earlier initiatives in technology & media, has continued to successfully generate profit during the period under review, maintaining our turnaround to profit that commenced during the year ended 30 April 2018, which continued during the year ended 30 April 2019, even though we would have wished for higher profit for the period under review were it not for unforeseen and often violent social unrests.

Therefore, while our segments are reported separately pursuant to applicable accounting principles, our management and operations frequently view and assess them as a whole. Consequently, many parts of our segments are viewed and operated by management as sub-parts of a comprehensive synergistic business.

During the period under review, the Group recorded revenue of approximately HK\$17.2 million (2018: approximately HK\$2.6 million) and profit for the period of approximately HK\$2.7 million (2018: approximately HK\$8.8 million), continuing the Group's successful record of profit following its turnaround during the year ended 30 April 2018.

Also, such decreased profit for the period under review reflects a decrease in fair value of investment properties, being a non-cash item, that was recorded during this period. Likewise, such higher profit for the six-month period ended 31 October 2018 reflected an increase in fair value of investment properties that was recorded for that period.

When such changes in fair value of investment properties, being non-cash items, are excluded, we are pleased to see that the Group recorded profit for the period under review of approximately HK\$5.0 million, which is approximately about 2 times higher than that for the six-month period ended 31 October 2018 (2018: approximately HK\$2.6 million), continuing the Group's turnaround to profit notwithstanding the serious adverse impact of the unforeseen ongoing large-scale violent and intensified protests in Hong Kong in recent months. The Group has nevertheless successfully delivered a profit for the period under review, and a higher profit than for the six-month period ended 31 October 2018, when such non-cash items are excluded.

In line with this growth, we seek to work towards increasing both the amount and the weighting, of both revenue and profit, from technology & media and our food & beverage operations.

管理層討論與分析

整體表現

儘管我們按分部呈報,但我們仍繼續從事整個業務活動,我們力求在彼此之間實現協同價值,以產生更高的回報及更多的商機。該業務策略以及我們在技術及媒體領域的較早舉措於回顧期間內繼續成功地創造了溢利,保持了我們於截至二零一八年四月三十日止年度開始的扭虧為盈的態勢,並於截至二零十一九至到不可預見且頻繁暴力的社會動盪的影響,我們原本望於回顧期間內獲得更高的溢利。

因此,雖然我們的分部乃根據適用的會計原 則單獨呈報,但我們的管理層及營運部門經 常將其整體審閱及評估。因此,我們分部的 許多部分被管理層作為綜合協同業務的子部 分審閱及營運。

於回顧期間內·本集團錄得收益約17,200,000 港元(二零一八年:約20,600,000港元)及期 內溢利約2,700,000港元(二零一八年:約 8,800,000港元)·本集團繼續了於截至二零 一八年四月三十日止年度的扭虧為盈後成功 錄得溢利。

此外,回顧期間內溢利減少反映了於本期間 錄得的非現金項目投資物業的公平值減少。 並且截至二零一八年十月三十一日止六個月 期間的此較高溢利反映了該期間錄得的投資 物業公平值增加。

為與此增長保持一致,我們致力提高技術及 媒體以及我們的餐飲業務來增加收入及溢利 的數額及比重。

(Continued)

Overall Performance (Continued)

In addition to revenue, the Group also recorded gross proceeds from the trading of securities of approximately HK\$31 million (2018: approximately HK\$12.6 million). The aggregate of our revenue and such gross proceeds is approximately HK\$47.3 million (2018: approximately HK\$33.2 million).

Amid the ongoing large-scale violent and intensified protests in Hong Kong in recent months, which has coincided with most of the period under review, there inevitably has been significant impact on market and business sentiment, resulting in general economic downturn. The arrival of this period of social unrest in June 2019, the length of the period of social unrest, and the continuing escalation and intensification of the violence, were all unforeseen.

This social unrest has seen curbing of property transactions and property values, and dampening of rental values. The violence has driven away shoppers, diners, tourists and business travelers, significantly affecting food & beverage consumption, seriously affecting Hong Kong businesses, and resulting in much reduced interaction. Some overseas and Hong Kong business associates have taken a "wait and see" approach to Hong Kong, therefore affecting the revenue and profit that we otherwise would have wished to be have recorded during the period under review. A number of countries have issued travel advisories and urged their nationals to exercise increased caution when travelling to Hong Kong.

Faced with this downward pressure on the market, although we have continued to generate a profit for the period under review, we have set for ourselves a mission to stay vigilant and be ready to respond to further deterioration in the business environment during the remainder of the current financial year, and to formulate new initiatives to generate further growth against the economic downturn.

We have been closely monitoring our business and operations and have taken measures to counteract the potential impact of the social unrest. In particular, the diversification of the geographical locations of our Group's businesses away from many of the frequent hotspots of social unrest has dampened the impact from the influence of such social unrest.

Business Review

We manage our Group's operations as one synergistic whole, to generate maximum value, although our reporting is in segments. Therefore, each of the following is a component that contributes to the Group's operations.

管理層討論與分析 (續)

整體表現(續)

除收益之外·本集團亦錄得證券交易所得款項總額約31,000,000港元(二零一八年:約12,600,000港元)。我們的收入及所得款項總額合共約47,300,000港元(二零一八年:約33,200,000港元)。

近幾個月來,在香港發生的持續大規模的暴力及激烈抗議活動期間,恰逢回顧期間的大部分時間,這不可避免地對市場及商業氣氛產生了重大影響,導致總體經濟下滑。本期間的社會動盪期的長短以及暴力的不斷升級及加劇都是無法預料的。

這社會動盪抑制了房地產交易及房地產價值,亦削弱了租金價值。暴力事件趕走了購物者、食客、遊客及商務旅客,極大地影響了餐飲消費,嚴重影響了香港企業,並大大大國少了互動。一些海外及香港業務夥伴對香港採取了「觀望態度」,因此影響了我們原本望於回顧期內錄得的收入溢利。許多國东門,並敦促其國民前往香港旅行時要加倍謹慎。

面對市場的下行壓力,儘管我們於回顧期間繼續創造了溢利,但我們已為自身設定了一個任務,即要保持警惕,並準備在當前財政年度的剩餘時間裡應對商業環境的進一步惡化,並製定新舉措以應對經濟下滑帶來進一步增長。

我們一直在密切審視我們的業務及營運,並 已採取措施抵抗社會動蕩的潛在影響。特別 是,本集團業務地理亞置的多樣化,遠離了 許多社會動盪頻繁發生的熱點,從而削弱了 此類社會動盪的影響。

業務回顧

儘管我們的呈報乃按部門劃分的,但我們將本集團業務作為一個協同整體進行管理,以產生最大價值。因此,以下各項為有助於本集團營運的要素。

(Continued)

Business Review (Continued)

Our Technology & Media operations focus on media, fintech, entertainment, education, sports and related technology services and products, providing full one-stop service to clients to analyse, design, develop, operate and maintain integrated e-commerce and other online commercial and educational platforms and products, for different business models and industries. Following the breakthrough of advanced fintech technologies and our continued effort in related business development, we have now continued to profit in our Technology & Media business.

We are pleased that, notwithstanding the unforeseen and violent social unrest, where many companies have adopted a "wait and see" approach, our technology & media business recorded revenue of approximately HK\$10.3 million (2018: approximately HK\$13.0 million) with gain for the period of approximately HK\$6.7 million (2018: profit of approximately HK\$6.0 million). As the Group has taken new initiatives to seek to explore and expand this business following the recent social unrest, we envisage that this business will see continuing growth during the upcoming year, especially in relation to fintech, sports, e-commerce and education, and also in synergistic ways with our Financial & Management operations.

Our Food & Beverage operations focus on (i) casual food & beverage businesses and related businesses, that are operated from relatively smaller-sized locations, including our minority equity interest in a food & beverage operator in Hong Kong to which we also contribute our experience in operations and management, (ii) distribution and trading, and (iii) providing management services to food & beverage clients. Although this has not been a key focus point of the Group during the period under review, we seek to expand these operations in the coming year, and increase its weighting amongst the Group's operations. We recorded food & beverage revenue of approximately HK\$2.4 million for the period under review (2018: approximately HK\$4.3 million), with gain of approximately HK\$1.4 million (2018: approximately HK\$3.0 million). Food & beverage operations is an area where we actively seek to expand either via organic growth or via mergers and acquisitions during the coming year.

管理層討論與分析 (續)

業務回顧(續)

我們的技術及媒體業務專注於為媒體、金融 科技、娛樂、教育、體育以及相關技術服務及 產品,為客戶提供全方位一站式服務,為不 同的業務模式及行業分析、設計、開發、營運 及維護的完產品。隨著先進金融科技技, 發以及我們持續致力相關業務發展,我們的 技術及媒體業務現持續仍錄得盈利。

儘管發生了不可預見的及劇烈的社會動盪。許多公司持「觀望態度」、令我們欣然的是我們的技術幾媒體業務仍錄得約10,300,000港元的收入(二零一八年:約13,000,000港元(三零一八年:溢利約6,000,000港元)。由於本集團在最近的社會動蕩之後已採取新舉措尋求探索及擴展該業務,我們預計該業務於明年將繼續增長,特別是與金融科技、體育、電子商務及教育相關的業務以及亦與我們的金融及管理業務協同增長。

我們的餐飲業務專注於(i)相對較小規模經營的休閒餐飲業務及相關業務,當中包括我們於香港一家餐飲經營者投入經營及管理存面提供所亦為該經營者投入經營及管理存面提供了實理服務。儘管這不是本集團在回顧期內的增加其在本集團業務中的比重。於回顧期內,我們錄得餐飲收益約2,400,000港元(二零一八年:約4,300,000港元),收益約1,400,000港元(二零一八年:約3,000,000港元)。餐飲業務我們積極尋求在來年過過有機增長或併購進行擴展的一個領域。

(Continued)

Business Review (Continued)

Our Property operations are managed with a two-pronged approach of value gain and rental income to optimize value creation for our shareholders. We have continued to manage our operations by identifying optimal opportunities to acquire. manage and operate undervalued properties, including (i) commercial properties (retail and offices), especially in Kowloon East CBD, in line with the government's CBD 2.0 policy to transform Kowloon East, (ii) residential properties, especially at prime locations, and (iii) carpark properties, especially at locations with a low carpark density. These properties are located at regional locations that we believe are considered to be higher quality for property demand, primarily in Hong Kong, but also in the PRC and Macau. We intend to increase the weighting of our commercial properties, as we believe that we will see greater value opportunities there. These properties are acquired, managed, operated and disposed for both value gain and rental income strategies. As a result, (a) income from our properties can be from both disposal proceeds as well as from rental receipts, and (b) fair value gains from our properties are recorded and contribute towards profit for the period.

Rental income for the period under review has been fairly steady at approximately HK\$2.5 million (2018: approximately HK\$2.6 million). As many property values in Hong Kong have been seriously affected by the recent social unrest, we are pleased to record only a very slight decrease in unrealized fair value of investment properties during the period under review, being approximately HK\$2.4 million decrease (2018: gain of approximately HK\$6.2 million). This slight decrease is approximately 1.1% of the HK\$246.7 million fair value of investment properties as at 30 April 2019. We recorded approximately HK\$0.3 million loss for the period under review in our property business (2018: gain of approximately HK8.4 million), which includes the non-cash decrease in fair value of investment properties. When such changes in fair value of investment properties are excluded, our property business recorded stable profit: HK\$2.1 million in profit during the period under review (2018: approximately HK\$2.2 million).

Given market conditions, we believe that the optimum times and values for disposing of selected properties may be during the coming year.

管理層討論與分析 (續)

業務回顧(續)

我們的物業業務在雙管齊下同時著重增值收 益與租金收入的管理下,為我們股東優化了 價值創造。我們繼續诱過把握最佳機會管理 我們的業務以收購、管理及經營被低估之物 業,包括(i)商業物業(零售及辦公室),尤其是 位於九龍東CBD,這與政府加快九龍東轉型 的CBD 2.0政策相符,(ii)住宅物業,尤其是位 於優質地段,及(iii)停車場物業,尤其是位於 停車場密度較低的地方。該等物業處於我們 認為對物業質素需求較高的區域,主要位於 香港,同時亦有位於中國及澳門的。我們擬 增加我們商業物業的比重,原因是我們相信 在那裡我們會看到更大的增值機會。收購、 管理、經營及出售該等物業的策略旨在為增 值以及租金收入。因此,(a)我們的物業收入 可來自出售所得款項以及租金收入,以及(b) 我們物業的公平值收益入賬並為期內溢利作 出貢獻。

回顧期間的租金收入一直相當穩定,約2,500,000港元(二零一八年:約2,600,000港元)。由於香港的許多物業價值都受到近期社會動蕩的嚴重影響,我們欣然錄得投資物業於回顧期間內的未實現公平值僅略減少,約2,400,000港元(二零一八年:收查九年四月三十日投資物業公平值246,700,000港元的1.1%。我們的物業業務於回顧期內益於一時點,沒不可能提資物業公平值246,700,000港元的1.1%。我們的物業業務於回顧期內益約約約,其中包括投資物業公平值變數後,我們的物業業務於回顧期內錄得穩定,這一個數學,我們的物業業務於回顧期內錄得穩定,這一個數學,我們的物業業務於回顧期內錄得穩定,這一個數學,我們的物業業務於回顧期內錄得穩定

鑒於市場條件,我們認為來年可能是出售選 定物業的最佳時機。

(Continued)

Business Review (Continued)

Our Financial and Management operations provides financial and management related services, including to clients with cross-border expansion or activities in Hong Kong, the PRC and Korea. During the period in review we are pleased to record approximately 9.2% growth in revenue, to approximately HK\$2.9 million (2018: approximately HK\$2.6 million), resulting in approximately 100% increase in gain of approximately HK\$2.4 million (2018: approximately HK\$1.2 million). We are currently seeking opportunities to increase the weighting in this business, especially in relation to clients where we will contribute a combination of our financial & management, and technology & media services.

Our Securities operations invest in a diversified portfolio of securities that are listed on recognised stock exchanges with a potential for earnings growth and capital appreciation. Our strategy is to generate and preserve shareholder value, and we do so by adopting a prudent investment policy to invest in securities that have long-term growth potential. We recorded revenue from this business, including net realised and unrealised loss of securities, of approximately HK\$0.9 million (2018: loss of approximately HK\$2.0 million). We intend to seek to reduce the weighting of our securities operations during the coming year, in parallel with our seeking to increase the weighting of our technology & media and food & beverage and financial & management operations.

Future Prospects

We are delighted that with our continued successful generation of profit for the period under review, following on from our turnaround during the year ended 30 April 2018, we believe that we are well-positioned for continued future growth, notwithstanding that we would have wished for substantially higher profit if it were not for the economic downturn brought on the unforeseen and violent social unrest.

We believe that this is in no small part due to the way that we operate synergistic cross-segment operations, with management and operational staff who have significant experience in inter-disciplinary business management and operations, especially in cross-border businesses. In particular, our staff are highly experienced in analysing and executing investments in related businesses that would have a multiplier effect for our operations.

The China-US trade war may not end soon, and we are unable to determine an end in sight for the current social unrest in Hong Kong. We believe that the economy will inevitably deteriorate.

Despite the heightened geopolitical risks and potential continuing and intensively violent social unrest in Hong Kong in the medium term, the Group is pursuing a strategy of pursuing a number of projects where asset values are favourable, and where our experience and expertise would bring added value, and also which would enable us to comfortably develop and grow our businesses in the uncertain times ahead.

管理層討論與分析 (續)

業務回顧(續)

我們的金融及管理業務為客戶提供金融及管理相關服務,包括在香港、中國及韓國開展跨境擴張或業務的客戶。於回顧期內,我們於喜錄得收益增長約9.2%至約2,900,000 表元(二零一八年:約2,600,000港元),使約2,400,000港元(二零一八年:約1,200,000港元)、世級企業長約100%。目前,我們正在尋找機會增加該業務的比重,特別是將促進結合我們的金融及管理及技術及媒體服務的客戶。

我們的證券業務投資於獲認可的證券交易 所上市的多元化證券組合,以實現潛在的收 益增長和資本增值。我們的策略審慎的稅 政策來投資具有長期增長潛力的證券。 政策來投資具有長期增長潛力的證券。變現 錄得該業務收益,包括證券已變現及未變現 淨虧損約900,000港元(二零一八年:虧損約 2,000,000港元)。我們擬於來年減少證券業務 以及金融及管理業務的比重。

未來展望

於截至二零一八年四月三十日止年度我們扭 虧為盈後,我們在回顧期間內繼續成功地創 造了溢利,令我們倍感欣慰,倘並非由於不 可預見及劇烈的社會動盪導致的經濟衰退, 雖然我們原本希望利潤將大幅度增長,但我 相信我們已準備就緒實現持續的未來增 長。

我們認為,這在很大程度上要歸功於我們經營協同跨分部業務的方式,以及複合型業務管理及營運(尤其是跨境業務)方面擁有豐富的經驗的管理層及營運人員。特別是,我們的員工在分析及執行對相關業務的投資方面負豐富的經驗,此將對我們的營運產生倍數效應。

中美貿易戰可能不會很快結束,我們亦無法確定香港當前社會動盪的終結。我們認為經濟將不可避免地惡化。

儘管從中期來看,香港地緣政治風險加劇,並且潛在的社會動盪持續加劇,但本集團正在推行一項戰略,以推行一些資產價值有利及我們的經驗及專業知識能夠帶來增值的項目,而且這將使我們能夠在未來的不明朗時期合適地發展及增長我們的業務。

(Continued)

Future Prospects (Continued)

We believe that it is during these difficult times that the experience and expertise of our management will be demonstrated, and that we are well-positioned for continued future growth, notwithstanding the uncertainties presented in the global and local business environment, including current trade wars and recent social unrest in Hong Kong. We believe that this might not be the time for a traditional single-product business to focus on one product and not diversify to hedge against fluctuating and potentially violent social unrest. Our belief in this is in no small part due to the way that we operate synergistic cross-segment businesses, with management and operational staff who have significant experience in interdisciplinary business management and operations, especially in cross-border businesses.

First, in our technology & media operations, we are very excited to continue the growth that we have already achieved as we have emerged from a temporary period of investment phase to eventually breakthrough, and successfully generate profit commencing the year ended 30 April 2018. We have continued this during the period under review, and we will actively seek to continue to put resources into these operations to aim to generate higher revenue and profit during the coming year. We believe that the convergence of fintech, media, education and culture industries is the big breakthrough. Our synergistic mode of operation and management has been successful in generating clients and business from cross-disciplinary business development efforts. With increased client demand in advanced fintech and blockchain technologies, as well as market recognition of our Group's products and services in fintech, we are now seeing significantly increased demand for our fintech services and products, which would strengthen our revenue and profit, and we are optimistic that we stand in a good position to secure increased business from clients in this sector in the coming year, growing from the successful turnaround that we have already achieved in the year ended 30 April 2018 and continuing through the year under review. We would have wished for higher revenue and profit during the period under review were it not for the economic downturn brought about by the unforeseen and violent social unrest. In addition to the local market, we will actively seek to partner and form alliances with major overseas companies in order to expand our business internationally. As violence and social unrest apparently continues, and as economic downturn sets in, we believe that many companies will begin to make use of advanced technology more than before in order to reduce their cost of doing business, as well as to reach out to more customers remotely.

管理層討論與分析 (續)

未來展望(續)

第一,在我們的技術及媒體業務中,能夠繼 續我們已經實現的增長令我們倍感欣喜,原 因是我們已經從暫時的投資階段發展到最終 突破,並成功地自截至二零一八年四月三十 日止年度開始創造溢利。於回顧期間,我們 已繼續盈利,我們將積極尋求繼續投入資源 至該等業務,旨在於來年產生更高的收入及 溢利。我們認為,金融科技、媒體、教育及文 化產業的融合是一項重大突破。我們的協同 運作及管理模式已成功地透過複合型業務開 發工作而產生了客戶及業務。隨著客戶對先 進金融科技及區塊鏈技術的需求增加,以及 對本集團在金融科技方面的產品和服務的市 場認可,我們目前目睹對金融科技服務及產 品的需求顯著增加,這將提高我們的收入及 溢利,我們樂觀的是,由於我們於截至二零 一八年四月三十日止年度中取得了成功的扭 虧為盈並持續到回顧年度,我們將有能力在 來年獲得該領域客戶的業務增長。倘並非由 於不可預見及劇烈的社會動盪造成的經濟衰 退,我們原本希望於回顧期間獲得更高的收 入及溢利。除了當地市場,我們將積極尋求 與主要海外公司合作並結成聯盟,以擴大我 們的國際業務。隨著暴力及社會動盪公然持 續,以及經濟不景氣的到來,我們認為許多 公司將開始比以往更多地使用先進技術,以 降低經商成本並遠程接觸更多客戶。

(Continued)

Future Prospects (Continued)

Secondly, in our food & beverage business, we believe that our current operations and management expertise will be a strong basis to continue securing increased business through expansion of our product lines, including potentially seeking suitable food & beverage operations for acquisition or collaboration, expansion of our sourcing and distributorship business, and growth of our business/management services for food & beverage companies synergistically with our financial and management division. We also will continue to enhance our e-commerce capabilities, synergistically with our technology & media division. In addition, with our growing business network in Korea, we intend to expand our product lines to other food & beverage products as well as potentially similar businesses, including lifestyle products and services, thus creating new revenue streams for our Group.

Thirdly, in our property operations, we intend to continue to manage and operate a portfolio of properties especially commercial properties in high demand areas like Kowloon East CBD which is in line with government policy to transform and create Hong Kong's CBD 2.0. And with increasing use of technology and decentralization in occupier strategy, we believe that Kowloon East CBD is well-equipped to continue to grow and outperform many other emerging commercial submarkets and establish itself as a new CBD for Hong Kong. We will continue to closely monitor the market and determine the optimum times for reducing our weighting in residential properties and increasing our weighting in Kowloon East CBD commercial properties. Our properties are generally not located at or near the hotspots of social unrest, therefore their values have not been significantly affected. Our gearing ratio on all properties is currently relatively low and highly conservative, with bank borrowing to property value ratio of only approximately 10.4% (30 April 2019: approximately 10.7%), representing only approximately HK\$25.2 million of bank borrowings (30 April 2019: approximately HK\$26.3 million), as compared with the aggregate of investment property value and property held for own use of approximately HK\$243.9 million (30 April 2019: approximately HK\$246.7 million). Our gearing ratio against total equity is approximately 7% (30 April 2019: approximately 7%). Therefore, we intend during the coming year to take advantage of currently low interest rates to cautiously increase our gearing ratio within prudent levels.

管理層討論與分析 (續)

未來展望(續)

第三,在我們的物業業務中,我們擬繼續管 理並經營物業組合,特別是高需求區域(例 如九龍東CBD)的商業物業,這與加快轉型 及建立香港CBD 2.0的政府政策相符。隨著 技術應用日益增加以及佔用人分散策略,我 們相信九龍東CBD具備一切有利條件持續發 展及勝過眾多其他新興商業分區,並會將自 身打造成為香港的一個新CBD。我們將繼續 密切監控市場,並會確定減少我們於住宅物 業比重及提高於九龍東CBD商業物業比重的 最佳時間。我們的物業通常不位於社會動盪 的熱點或附近,因此其價值並未受到重大影 響。我們目前所有物業的資產負債比率相對 較低且高度保守,且銀行借貸與物業價值比 率僅約10.4%(二零一九年四月三十日:約 10.7%), 僅相當於銀行借貸約25,200,000港 元(二零一九年四月三十日:約26,300,000港 元),而投資物業價值及自用物業的總額約為 243,900,000港元(二零一九年四月三十日: 約246.700.000港元)。我們總權益的資產負債 比率約為7%(二零一九年四月三十日:約 7%)。因此,我們擬於來年利用當前的低利率 謹慎地將我們的資產負債比率提高到審慎的 水平。

(Continued)

Future Prospects (Continued)

Overall, we are cautious and also excited by our business development in Hong Kong and overseas and will continue to expand in our interdisciplinary and synergistic way, being careful to be quick and dynamic to respond to changes that come with the often turbulent and unpredictable nature of the violent social unrest in Hong Kong. We are adopting new initiatives in light of the social unrest, and seek to develop results in the upcoming months. We look ahead to continued growth in our directions of strength, while placing tremendous effort on our Group's experience and expertise. This will call for our Group's competitive edges to be exhibited to grasp emerging opportunities during difficult economic downturns, access new revenue streams, increase existing revenue streams, and deliver greater returns for our shareholders.

Risks and uncertainties

The Group is exposed to the risk of negative, volatile or of uncertain developments, including but not limited to negative, volatile or uncertain developments in the global, regional and local economies, in the financial and property markets, and in the changes in patterns of consumption. These developments might reduce revenue or result in reduced valuations of the Group's investment properties or in the Group being unable to meet its strategic objectives or in negative effect to its financial condition, results of operations and businesses. The Company will continue to adopt prudent financial policies to cope with the impact of uncertain factors.

Financial Review

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group maintained cash and bank balances as at 31 October 2019 amounting to approximately HK\$19.7 million (30 April 2019: approximately HK\$34.4 million). The Group's current ratio as at 31 October 2019 was 3.9 (30 April 2019: 3.9). The total equity of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$384.8 million (30 April 2019: approximately HK\$383.1 million) as at 31 October 2019.

Gearing

The gearing ratio, as a ratio of bank borrowings to total equity, was 0.07 as at 31 October 2019 (30 April 2019: 0.07).

管理層討論與分析 (續)

未來展望(續)

風險及不明朗因素

本集團面臨負面、波動及不明朗發展的風險,包括但不限於全球及地區經濟體以及金融及物業市場之負面、波動及不明朗發展,以及消費模式的轉變。該等發展可能減少收益或導致本集團投資物業之估值下降或本集團不能達成其策略目標或對其財務狀況產生負面影響。本公司將繼續採取審慎的財務政策以應對不明朗因素的影響。

財務回顧

流動資金及財務資源

於二零一九年十月三十一日,本集團維持現金及銀行結餘約19,700,000港元(二零一九年四月三十日:約34,400,000港元)。本集團於二零一九年十月三十一日之流動比率為3.9(二零一九年四月三十日:3.9)。本集團於二零一九年十月三十一日之總權益約為384,800,000港元(二零一九年四月三十日:約383,100,000港元)。

負債比率

於二零一九年十月三十一日之負債比率(作 為銀行借貸對總權益之比率)為0.07(二零 一九年四月三十日:0.07)。

(Continued)

Financial Review (Continued)

Exchange Rate Exposure

The Group's assets, liabilities and cash flow from operations are mainly denominated in Renminbi, United States dollars and Hong Kong dollars. The Group currently does not have any related foreign exchanges hedges, however the Company monitors its foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedges should the need arise.

Treasury Policies

The Group generally finances its operations with internally generated resources and bank borrowings. The interest rates of borrowings, if applicable, are generally charged by reference to prevailing market rates.

Commitments

The Group had no capital commitments as at 31 October 2019 (30 April 2019: nil).

Employment and Remuneration Policy

As at 31 October 2019, the Group had 19 (30 April 2019: 19) employees in Hong Kong and the PRC. The Group has not experienced any significant problems with its employees or disruptions due to labour disputes nor has it experienced difficulties in the recruitment and retention of experienced staff. The Group remunerates its employees based on industry practices. Its staff benefits, welfare, share options and statutory contributions, if any, are made in accordance with individual performance and prevailing labour laws of its operating entities.

管理層討論與分析 (續)

財務回顧(續)

雁率風險

本集團之資產、負債及經營現金流主要以人 民幣、美元及港元列值。本集團現時並無任何相關外匯對沖,然而,本公司監控其外匯 風險並將於需要時考慮對沖。

庫務政策

本集團一般依靠內部產生資源及銀行貸款為 其經營業務提供所需資金。借貸之利率(如適 用)乃一般參照現行市場利率計算。

承擔

截至二零一九年十月三十一日,本集團並無任何資本承擔(二零一九年四月三十日:無)。

僱員及酬金政策

OTHER INFORMATION

Director's and Chief Executive's Interests in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 October 2019, the interests and short positions of the Director and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), which were required (i) to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

其他資料

董事及主要行政人員之股份[、]相關股份及債 ^{朱權益}

於二零一九年十月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相關法第 (按證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第 XV部之定義)之股份、相關股份及第5年7及8 須(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第XV部之第7及8 部須知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公8 (「聯交所」)之權益及淡倉(包括根據證券及 期貨條例之該等條文被當作或視為擁有證券 類貨條例之該等條文被當作或視為擁有證券 益及淡倉):或(ii)根據證券及期貨條例第352 條列入存置之登記冊:或(iii)根據上市發行人 董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」) 須知官

Approximate

Name of Director 董事姓名	Capacity 身份	Interest in shares 股份權益	percentage of shareholding 概約持股百分比
Vong Tat leong David	Held through a controlled	99,050,000	51.54%
黃達揚	corporation 透過所控制機構持有	ordinary shares 99,050,000股普通股	

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 October 2019, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (i) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (iii) pursuant to the Model Code to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

除上文所披露者外,於二零一九年十月三十一日,董事及本公司主要行政人員並無員於本公司或其任何相關法團(按證券及期貨條例第部之定義)之股份、相關股份或债券中第有任何須()根據證券及期貨條例完都立淡海(包括根據證券及期貨條例之該等條及遊當作或視為擁有之權益及淡倉):或(ii)根據濟等內別須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡濟(ii)根據濟學可則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益或淡濟。

OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Save as disclosed under "Share Option Scheme" below, at no time during the six months ended 31 October 2019 were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them or was the Company, or any of its holding companies, subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Share Option Scheme

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 30 September 2011 pursuant to which the Directors of the Company, at their discretion, may grant options to Directors, officers and employees (whether full time or part-time) of the Company or a subsidiary and any other groups or classes of suppliers, customers, sub-contractors or agents of the Group from time to time determined by the Directors as having contributed or may contribute to the development and growth of the Group. No share options were outstanding nor granted during the six months ended 31 October 2019.

Substantial Shareholders' Interests in Shares and Underlying Shares

At 31 October 2019, the following persons (other than a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO.

其他資料(續)

董事購入股份或債券之權利

除下文「購股權計劃」一節所披露者外,本公司在截至二零一九年十月三十一日止六個月內任何時間並無授予任何董事、其各自之配偶或未成年子女可透過購入本公司之股份或債券而獲得利益的權利,彼等亦無行使任何該等權利,或本公司、其任何控股公司、阿屬公司或同系附屬公司亦無參與訂立任何安排以致董事獲得於任何其他公司實體之該等權利。

購股權計劃

本公司已於二零一一年九月三十日採納一項 購股權計劃,據此本公司董事可酌情向本公 司或附屬公司之董事、行政人員及僱員(無論 全職或兼職)及董事不時釐定於過去或將來 對本集團業務發展及增長有貢獻之本集團任 何其他組別或類別之供應商、顧客、分包商 或代理商授出購股權。於截至二零一九年十 月三十一日止六個月並無任何尚未行使及已 授出 財股權。

主要股東於股份及相關股份之權益

於二零一九年十月三十一日,下列人士(董事 或本公司主要行政人員除外)於本公司股份 或相關股份中擁有記錄根據證券及期貨條例 第336條本公司須予保存之登記冊內之權益。

Annyovimate nercentage of

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Interest in shares 股份權益	shareholding 概約持股百分比
Vongroup Holdings Limited	99,050,000 ordinary shares 99,050,000 股普通股	51.54%
Claman Global Limited	23,349,436 ordinary shares 23,349,436 股普通股	12.15%

OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Model Code for Directors' Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules as the code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. Having made specific enquiry of all Directors, the Company confirms that all Directors have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code during the six months ended 31 October 2019.

Interim Dividend

The Board has resolved not to declare any interim dividend for the six months ended 31 October 2019 (31 October 2018: nil).

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of listed securities

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the period ended 31 October 2019.

Audit Committee

During the period, the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") comprised three independent non-executive directors, namely, Fung Ka Keung David, Lam Lee G. and Wong Man Ngar Edna. The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, internal controls and financial reporting matters including the review of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Group for the six months ended 31 October 2019.

Compliance with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules and periodically reviews its corporate governance practices to ensure that these continue to meet the requirements of the CG Code, except for the deviation from code provisions A.2.1, A.4.1 and A.6.7 of the CG Code as described below.

其他資料(續)

董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之標準守 則,作為董事進行證券交易之操守守則。經 向全體董事作出具體查詢後,本公司確認全 體董事於截至二零一九年十月三十一日止六 個月均已遵守標準守則所載之規定標準。

中期股息

董事會決議不宣派截至二零一九年十月 三十一日止六個月之任何中期股息(二零 一八年十月三十一日:無)。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

本公司或其任何附屬公司於截至二零一九年 十月三十一日止期間概無購買、出售或贖回 本公司任何上市證券。

審核委員會

於本期間,本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)包括三名獨立非執行董事:馮嘉強、林家禮及王文雅。審核委員會與管理曆已審閱本集團所採納之會計原則及常規,並商討審 核、內部監控及財務申報事宜(包括審閱本集團截至二零一九年十月三十一日止六個月之未經審核簡明綜合中期財務報表)。

遵守企業管治常規守則

於回顧期內,本公司一直遵守上市規則附錄 14所載之企業管治常規守則(「企業管治守 則」)及定期檢討其企業管治常規,以確保其 持續符合企業管治守則之規定,惟就以下所 述之企業管治守則之守則條文A.2.1、A.4.1及 A.6.7有所編離。

OTHER INFORMATION (Continued)

Compliance with the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (Continued)

Under code provision A.2.1, the role of chairman and chief executive officer ("CEO") should be performed by different individuals. Since September 2005, Vong Tat leong David, who is a director and CEO of the Company, has also carried out the responsibilities of the chairman of the Company. The Board considers the present structure is more suitable to the Company for it can provide strong and consistent leadership and allow for more efficient formulation and implementation of the Company's development strategies.

Under code provision A.4.1, non-executive Directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. The non-executive Directors of the Company, including the independent non-executive Directors, are not appointed for a specific term but are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meetings of the Company at least once every three years as specified in the provisions of the Company's articles of association. As such, the Board considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that the Company's corporate governance practices are no less exacting than those in the CG Code

Under code provision A.6.7, independent non-executive directors shall attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. There are three independent non-executive Directors of the Company; they were unable to attend the 2019 annual general meeting of the Company held on 30 September 2019 due to their engagement with their other commitments.

By order of the Board **Vong Tat leong David** *Executive Director*

Hong Kong, 30 December 2019

As at the date of this report, the board of directors of the Company comprises two executive Directors, namely: Vong Tat leong David and Xu Siping; and three independent non-executive Directors, namely: Fung Ka Keung David, Lam Lee G. and Wong Man Ngar Edna.

其他資料(續)

遵守企業管治常規守則(續)

根據守則條文A.2.1,主席與行政總裁(「行政總裁」)之職務應由不同人士擔任。自二零零五年九月起,黃達揚(本公司之董事兼行政總裁)亦已一直履行本公司主席之職責。董事會認力是供強勢而實徽之領導,並可讓本公司更有效制訂及落實發展策略。

根據守則條文A.4.1,非執行董事須有特定任期並應接受重選。本公司的非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)並無特定任期,須按本公司之組織章程細則之條文所列明最少每三年一次於本公司股東週年六會上輪值告退及膺選其任。因此,董事會認為已採取足夠措施以確保本公司之企業管治常規之嚴謹程度不遜於企業管治守則之有關規定。

根據守則條文第A.6.7條,獨立非執行董事應 出席股東大會,對股東之意見有均衡之了 解。本公司有三位獨立非執行董事,彼等因 處理彼等之其他公務而未能出席於二零一九 月三十日舉行之本公司二零一九年股東 週年大會。

承董事會命 執行董事 **黃達揚**

香港,二零一九年十二月三十日

於本報告日期,本公司董事會成員包括兩名 執行董事,為黃達揚及徐斯平;以及三名獨 立非執行董事,為馮嘉強、林家禮及王文雅。

